# ANTECEDENTS OF FINANCIAL PRACTICE FOR THE SUCCESS OF SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES (SMEs): AN EMPIRICAL STUDY IN MALAYSIA

BY

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A dissertation submitted in fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration

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**JUNE 2015** 

#### **ABSTRACT**

The world metaphorically has turned flat for the onslaught of globalization. While it has blurred the geographical divides, it has as well, as its corollary, spawned fierce competition among the enterprises in the marketplace. The competitive trade atmosphere has furnished the contemporary business industry intensely over its rivals and its ability to cope with multiple challenges to be successful, especially in terms of financial means. Although the Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) are considered as the backbone of economic growth of a country, however SMEs in Malaysia are noted with dismay due to unexpected business failures. Despite the fact that many scholarly works have been conducted in Malaysia, nevertheless, the strong influence of the antecedents of financial practice such as Financial Knowledge (FK) and Financial Behaviour (FB) toward Financial Practice (FP) as well as Business Success (BS) are yet to be realized pertinently. For that reason, the current study emphasizes a variety of detailed theoretical perspectives as well as the empirical foundations for achieving the research objectives. In fact, these theoretical and empirical platforms make the research feasible in the areas of Financial Knowledge (FK), Financial Behaviour (FB), Financial Practice (FP) and Business Success (BS) of Malaysian SMEs. The research method of this study is 'survey method' and the unit of analysis is the individual respondent consisting business owners and managers from various SMEs in Selangor and the greater Kuala Lumpur region. Although a suitable sample of 63 business owners and managers of different SMEs were selected for the pilot study, later on, a sample of 302 data was considered as the final sample size for the current study. Since this is a quantitative research, so the primary empirical findings are reported using SPSS (Version 18.0), and then detailed out various investigations using AMOS (Version 16.0) software for executing the suitable Structural Equation Modelling (SEM) analyses. Prior to conducting SEM, Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA) is performed to scrutinize the underlying dimensions of Financial Knowledge (FK), Financial Behaviour (FB), Financial Practice (FP) and Business Success (BS). Subsequently, the reliability analysis is checked via Cronbach's alpha coefficient of the four extracted factors for the purpose of ensuring the internal consistency. The results indicate that, although Financial Knowledge (FK) is positively related to the Financial Practice (FP) in Malaysian SMEs, but it is not directly related to the Business Success (BS). A similar phenomenon is observed in the Financial Behaviour (FB), which is positively related to the Financial Practice (FP) but not to the Business Success (BS) for the SMEs in Malaysia. Apart from these, the Financial Practice (FP) is found assertively allied to the Business Success (BS) while Financial Practice (FP) plays the mediating roles in the Financial Knowledge (FK) and Financial Behaviour (FB) toward Business Success (BS) in Malaysia. However, a reciprocal relationship is observed justifiably between Financial Knowledge (FK) and Financial Behaviour (FB). With these findings, the current study can fulfill the research objectives assembled in the initial chapter. Finally, this research will help to identify the requirements and solutions for finding out the policy to strengthen the enterprise and maximize the productivity and sustainable development.

#### خلاصة البحث

لقد أصبح العالم، بلغة مجازية، مكانا سهلا لهجمة العولمة. رغم أن العولمة أهملت الانقسامات الجغرافية؛ فإنما كذلك، وكنتيجة حتمية، ولدت المنافسة الشرسة بين الشركات في السوق. لقد جهزت أجواء التجارة التنافسية صناعة الأأعمال المعاصرة بشكل مكثف بسبب المنافسين وقدرتما على التكيف مع التحديات المختلفة في سبيل تحقيق نجاحها، وخاصة فيما يخص الموارد المالية. بالرغم من اعتبار الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة العمود الفقري للنمو الاتقتصادي لأية دولة، فقد لوحظ أن تلك الشركات في ماليزيا أصيبت بالفزع جراء الإخفاقات التجارية غير المتوقعة. وبالرغم من أن هناك الكثير من النشاطات العلمية التي أنشئت في ماليزيا؛ ومع ذلك فإنه ليس هنالك إدراك للصلة الوثيقة بين التأثير القوي لسوابق الممارسات المالية مثل: المعرفة المالية، والسلوك المالي، تجاه الممارسة المالية وكذا النجاح التجاري. ولذلك السبب فإن الدراسة الحالية ستتناول قضية النجاح التجاري للشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة من زاوية مختلفة تماما. بينما يتطلب الاقتصاد العالمي ذو التغير السريع من الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة أن تلعب دورا أساسيا في فرض الإستدامة المالية والنمو الاقتصادي الوطني، تأتى هذه الدراسة لتقيّم سوابق الممارسة المالية التي أدت إلى نجاح تلك الشركات في ماليزيا. ولذلك فإن هذه الدراسة تركز على وجهات نظرية مفصلة وكذا على الأسس التجريبية لتحقيق أهداف هذا البحث. في الحقيقة، إن الأسس النظرية والتجريبية تجعل من هذا البحث بحثا مفيدا في المجالات التالية: المعرفة المالية، والسلوك المالي، والممارسة المالية، وأحيرا النجاح التجاري للشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة الماليزية. لقد أخذت هذه الدراسة بعين الإعتبار منهج البحث الإستنباطي المأخوذ من النموذج العقلي، هذا لأن هذا البحث بدأ بربط النظرية المعتمدة في الموضوع قيد الإهتمام والذي تم به بناء علاقة منطقية بين المفاهيم والفرضيات المصاغة. إن المنهج المعتمد في هذا البحث هو المنهج المسحى الذي انبثق من النموذج العقلي. بالإضافة إلى ذلك، فإن وحدة التحليل تتمثل في الجيبين الأفراد والذين هم أصحاب العمل والمديرين من مختلف الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة في سلانقور والجزء الأكبر من منطقة كوالالمبور، هذا لأن أغلبية الشركات تتركز في هذه المنطقة. بناء على النتائج، فرغم أن للمعرفة المالية علاقة إيجابية بالممارسة المالية في الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة الماليزية، فإلها ليست متعلقة بصفة مباشرة بالنجاح التجاري. وقد لوحظت ظاهرة شبيهة فيما يختص بالسلوك المالي الذي وجد أن له علاقة إيجابية بالممارسة المالية وليس بالنجاح التجاري للشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة الماليزية. إلى جانب ذلك، فقد وجد أن الممارسة المالية مترابطة بقوة بالنجاح التجاري، بينما تلعب الممارسة المالية الأدوار التوسطية لكل من المعرفة المالية، والسلوك المالي تجاه النجاح التجاري في ماليزيا. ومع ذلك فقد وحدت علاقة متبادلة مبررة بين المعرفة المالية والسلوك المالي. إلى حانب ذلك فإنه يمكن لاسم وطول العملية أن تعرض الأدوار الوسيطية على الممارسة المالية للنجاح التجاري. بناءا على هذه النتائج فإنه يمكن للدراسة الحالية أن تحقق أهدافها المتضمنة في الفصل الأول. وفي نفس الوقت فإنه يمكن لنتائج الدراسة أن تقدم بعض الإقتراحات للشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة في ماليزيا. وبما أن هنالك القليل من الدراسات التجريبية السابقة التي سلطت الضوء على سوابق الممارسة المالية لنجاح الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة الماليزية، ومع ذلك وكدراسة تجريبية، فإن هذا البحث يعتبر قيمة مضافة للمستوى الحالي للمعرفة في الدراسات السابقة الموجودة، وبالتالي فإن لهذا البحث اقتراحات تجريبية وأكاديمية أساسية. إضافة إلى ذلك فإن هذه الدراسة تقترح إنشاء أداة صادقة وثابتة لقياس سوابق الممارسة المالية لنجاح الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة في ماليزيا. بذلك، يكون هذا البحث قد ساهم بفعالية فيما يخص التطور المنهجي الذي يمكن أن يساعد أصحاب الشركات، والمديرين، ورجال أعمال الشركات الصغيرة والمتوسطة الماليزية. علاوة على ذلك، فإن هذا البحث يعمل على نقل الفكرة إلى رجال الأعمال فيما يخص البنود الأساسية المتعلقة بالمعرفة والسلوك والتي تلعب دور العلاج لأجل تحقيق النجاح التجاري بشكل سريع. فوق كل ذلك؛ فإن الدراسة الحالية أتت باقتراحات لواضعي السياسات وكذا المنظمين. في حقيقة الأمر؛ إن هذا البحث سيساعد في التعرف على المتطلبات والحلول المتعلقة بإيجاد سياسة لتقوية الشركة وزيادة الإنتاجية والتنمية المستدامة.

# APPROVAL PAGE

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### **DECLARATION**

I hereby declare that this dissertation is the result of my own investigations, except where otherwise stated. I also declare that it has not been previously or concurrently submitted as a whole for any other degree at IIUM or other institutions.

S. M. Ferdous Azam	
Signature	Date

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# Dedicated To

My Family

I think togetherness is the best inspiration in my life.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Pursuing PhD is both painful and enjoyable experience. It is just like climbing a high pick, step by step, accompanied with bitterness, hardship, frustration, encouragement and trust and with so many people's kind help. When I found myself at the top enjoying the beautiful scenery, I realized that it was, in fact, teamwork that got me there. Though it will be not enough to express my gratitude in words to all of these people who have supported me and had their contributions in making this thesis possible, still I would like to give thanks from the bottom of my heart to all of these wonderful people.

First and foremost, I must acknowledge and thank The Almighty Allah for blessing, protecting and guiding me throughout this period. I could never have accomplished this without the faith I have in the Almighty.

I acknowledge the selfless efforts of my supervisor, Professor Dr. Moha Asri Abdullah for the fatherly support, mentorship and guidance throughout the entire research. There were times when I was so confused and stressed up, not knowing what step to take or which way to go. This patient, sociable, indefatigable, gracious, humble, and knowledgeable Professor always squeezed precious time out of his busy schedules to listen and to advice on appropriate direction of my research. At the same time, he gave me the continuous moral support and the freedom I needed to move on. Besides, I had some financial difficulties to the progress of the research. I did not tell him but he understood my situation and graciously offered various financial supports afterward, which actually encouraged me to stay focused on my research until the end. Dear Professor, saying a "thank you" alone is not worth your efforts, but I believe Almighty Allah's Blessings and Mercy will satisfy your endeavors. I pray for you for Allah's Mercy and Blessings, and may Allah's reward of the knowledge you imparted in this research bounce back to you and flow incessantly until the judgment day.

Same goes to my co-supervisors Associate Professor Dr. Dzuljastri Abdul Razak and Assistant Professor Dr. Hamdino Bin Hamdan for their friendly and effective stance in their frequent inquiry with regard to the progress of the research. They helped me in so many ways I cannot easily gather words to explain. I sincerely extend my gratitude to both of you and I always pray that Almighty Allah bless you and your whole families.

I owe a sense of honor and gratitude to other lecturers at the Kulliyyah of Economics and Management Sciences (KENMS) for their valuable suggestions. Although most of them contributed to make this dream of PhD research materialize, but special thanks to Prof. Dr. AKM Ahasanul Haque, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Abdul Jalil, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Suhaimi Mhd Sarif, Asst. Prof. Dr. Zabeda Abdul Hamid, Asst. Prof. Dr. Md. Fardous Alom and Asst. Prof. Dr. Noorihsan Mohammad for boosting my morale throughout the research work. At the same time, I will always remember the proficient administrative people such as Sr. Rohamah Bte. Hashim, Sr. Noor Hildawati Bt. Abdul Hamid and Br. Mohamed Aslam Abusulaim for their kind help and support.

I also whole-heartedly extend my sincere appreciation to the Examiners of my PhD proposal defense, Asst. Prof. Dr. Nurita Binti Juhdi and Asst. Prof. Dr. Zulkufly Bin Ramly and my internal examiner during viva voce Prof. Dr. Ahamed Kameel Mydin Meera. Similarly, I extend my sincere thanks to Prof. Dr. Juhary Ali and Prof. Dr. Nor Aishah Binti Buang, who were my external examiners during my viva voce. Thank you all for the wonderful guidance and constructive critiques to the research, which unveiled the brightness of this thesis. May Allah's Blessings be showered on all of you.

I would also like to thank my friend Dr. Mohamed Asmy Bin Mohd Thas Thaker for his continuous support and encouragement during my entire PhD journey. He is not only my friend, but he is my brother as well. Further, I may not be forgiven if I fail to mention Dr. Mahbubul Haque, a knowledgeable gentleman. His initial help and direction showed me the way to carry on this research. Same goes to Dr. Abdullah Al Mamun Sarwar, the man of helping soul. Nothing can explain his mighty contribution on my thesis.

I wish to acknowledge the supports of Dr. Muhammad Sabbir Rahman, Dr. Muhammad Khairul Islam, Dr. Fouad Bin Amin, Dr. Md. Abdul Momen, Dr. Weni Hawariyuni, Dr. Hafeez Mursaleen, Br. Md. Tareq Bin Hossain, Br. Foyasal Khan, Br. Ahmed Sabit, Br. Jahirul Islam, Br. Kazi Tareque, Br. Selim Ahmed, Sr. Imani Bt Mokhtar and Sr. Farhana Zaman. Special thanks to Br. Md. Aftab Anwar and Sr. Rezbin Nahar, I cherish the wonderful moments that you have given to me. At the same time, I want to acknowledge few people who made my painful days enjoyable. Br. Abdullah Al Masud, Br. Ashraful Azam Khan, Br. AKM Zakir Hossain, Br. Muammer Din Arif, Br. Arifuzzaman Rahat and Br. Khondaker Sazzadul Karim – thank you very much for making my life colourful. Similarly, I should acknowledge Br. Hafizur Rahman, Br. Habibullah Hadi and Br. Zaman Hossain for their time.

I also would like to mention the supports of my colleagues in the PhD lab, Dr. Shabir Hakim, Dr. Nafi'u Oladokun, Dr. Anwar AP, Dr. Anwar Al-Abbasy, Dr. Omar Khalid Bhatti, Dr. Is'haq Amandu, Dr. Ibrahim Jubari, Br. Mohamad Fany Alfarisi, Br. Hakeem Oladapo, Br. Rubaiyat Ahsanand the whole range of my colleagues from the Business Administration Department and across the Kulliyyahs of the University for extending possible helps. May Allah's Mercy be showered on all of you.

I am permanently indebted for life to my wonderful parents, my father, teacher, mentor and supporter, Md. Amzad Hossain, for the support that no amount of words can be appropriate to explain. He has offered his fatherly rights on me, took me through school, through the university, taught me what life is all about, and he has always been there for me, frequently inquires of my progress in my study and always asks if there is any assistance he can further offer. I always count myself lucky to have a father like him. And to my lovely mother, Feroza Sultana, deserves my heartfelt praises. She is the most important person in my life. Not only she did carry me for ten months and ten days, but she continued to support and loves me regardless of what I have put her through to bring me up. May Allah shower His Mercy on her and grant her a good health. I also extend my deepest appreciation to my one and only younger brother, Engr. S. M. Kayser Azam for his love, compassion and prayers. He does not even know how much I love him!

Finally, I humbly and earnestly apologize to anyone who has a hand towards the success of this research, for not being able to mention your names individually. I pray that Almighty Allah bless you all wherever you are.

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AGFI Adjusted Goodness-of-Fit ALS Average Least Squares

AMOS Analysis of Moment Structure ANM Agensi Nuklear Malaysia

APEC Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation
ASEAN Association of South East Asian Nation

AVE Average Variance Extracted

BS Business Success

CFA Confirmatory Factor Analysis

CFI Comparative Fit Index

ChiSq Chi-Square

ChiSq/df Normed Chi-Square CR Composite Reliability

C.R. Critical Ratio

DES Differential Emotion Scale

DF Degree of Freedom
DOS Department of Statistics
EFA Exploratory Factor Analysis

et al. (et alia): and others etc (et cetera): and so forth

EU European Union

EUC European Union Commission

FB Financial Behaviour
FK Financial Knowledge
FP Financial Practice
GFI Goodness-of-Fit Index
GLS Generalized Least Squares

ICT Information and Telecommunication Technology

JSBRI Japan Small Business Research Institute

JTM Rasmi Jabatan Tenaga Manusia

KISMEC Kedah Industrial Skills and Management Development Centre

MITI Ministry of International Trade and Industry

ML Maximum Likelihood

MLE Maximum Likelihood Estimation
MOHR Ministry of Human Resources
MSE Mongolian Stock Exchange

MSME Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise

NFI Normed Fit Index

NSDC National SME Development Council OLS Compared to the Ordinary Least Squares

OSMEP Office of Small and Medium Enterprises Promotion

PCA Principle Component Analysis

PSMB Pembangunan Sumber Manusia Berhad RMSEA Root Mean Square Error of Approximation

SD Standard Deviation

SE Standard Error

SMC Squared Multiple Correlations

SME Corp. Small and Medium Enterprise Corporation

SMEs Small and Medium Enterprises

SMIDEC Small and Medium Industries Development Corporation

SPSS Statistical Package for Social Science

TLI Tuker-Lewis Index WLS Weighted Least Squares

#### **CHAPTER ONE**

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This research, with particular emphasis on the role of financial practice in sustaining growth in business, would be able to identify the aspects how Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) can achieve expected business success. Chapter 1 starts with a background explaining the phenomena of the research as a whole; introduces the research questions, research objectives, problem statement, the significance of the study of the present research. In doing so, this particular chapter also concentrates a synopsis of the relevant literature and preliminary research scopes and outlines for the study. However, the structure of this chapter is demonstrated in Figure 1.1.

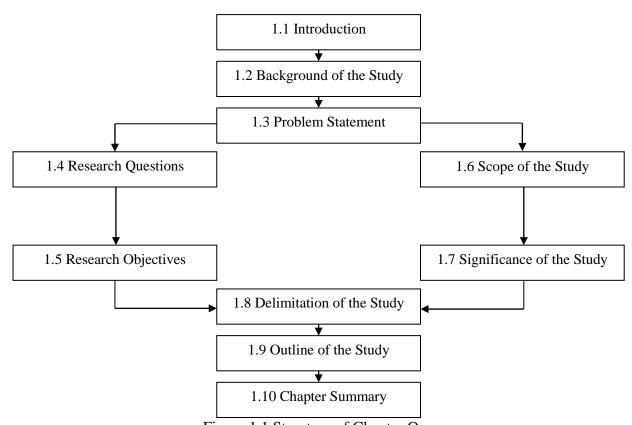


Figure 1.1 Structure of Chapter One