THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF RENEWABLE ENERGY IN NIGERIA

BY

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A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (Law)

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ABSTRACT

Nigeria has abundance of untapped sources of energy and, at the same time, it suffers from inadequacy of fossil fuel for the generation of electricity. Its energy generation values are diminishing very much and very fast. Therefore, slowing development will not bring foreign ideas and cultures that appear to be suitable for the sustainable development in renewable energy. The National Energy Policy and Action Plan need to be reviewed since 2007. Energy generation is barely very low with only 4,000 MW at the moment. The environmental issues in the oil production areas are alarming for more than 50 years as gas flaring is still on in the country. Therefore, there is a need for viable reform in the energy sector to bring about the development of sustainable energy through the diversification of energy sources. This work has proposed a viable framework that will establish a legal and institutional framework for the sustainable development of renewable energy in Nigeria. In achieving the set objective, this research adopts the doctrinal legal research methods, i.e. qualitative research. Primary and secondary materials have been examined to see how Nigeria with abundant sources of energy can also generate electricity in the country for sustainable development. Meanwhile, Malaysia, Netherlands and India are closely studied in the areas where Nigeria can adopt to improve it energy generation. Finally, this research discusses relevant laws and policies relating to planning, and energy generation for the diversification of energy sources that will bring sustainable energy in the country.

ملخص البحث

نيجيريا عندها وفرة مصادر الطاقة الغير مستغلّة، وفي نفس الوقت، يعاني مِنْ عدم كفاية الوقود الأحفوري، لنشئ الكهرباء. القيم نشئ طاقتها تُقلّلُ كثيراً وسريعة جداً. ولذلك، فإن تباطؤ التطوير لن تجلب الأفكار والثقافات الأجنبية التي تبدو أنما مناسبة لتحقيق التنمية المستمرة في الطاقة المتحددة. نحج الطاقة الوطنية و رسم فني العمل تحتاج إلى مراجعة منذ عام 2007. نشؤ طاقة المستوى واطئ جداً بالكاد مَع 4,000 ميحاوات فقط في الوقت الحاضر. إن القضايا البيئية في مناطق التي تنتج النفط مقلقة لأكثر من 50 عاما كما أن إندلاع الغاز لا يزال في الدولة. ولذلك، هناك حاجة للإصلاح الفعال في قطاع الطاقة إلى وحداث لتطوير القوة المستمرة من خلال تنويع مصادر الطاقة. وقد اقترح هذا البحث هيكل فعلل صالحا التي من شأنها تنشؤ الإطار القانوني والمؤسسات للتنمية المستمرة من تجديد طاقة في نيجيريا. في تحقيق الهدف المحدد، هذا البحث يعتمد مناهج البحث القانوني المذهبي، أي البحث النوعي. وقد تم فحص المواد الأولية والثانوية لنرى كيف نيجيريا بمصادر الطاقة الوفيرة يمكن أن تنشؤ الكهرباء أيضا في البلاد لنمو المستدامة. في هذه الأثناء، ماليزيا، هولندا والهند، تدرس بشكل وثيق في الجالات التي يمكن اعتمادها لنيجيريا لتحسينه نشؤ الطاقة. وأحيرا، يناقش هذا البحث القوانين والسياسات المتعلقة بتخطيط، وتنشؤ الطاقة الطاقة. وأحيرا، يناقش هذا البحث القوانين والسياسات المتعلقة بتخطيط، وتنشؤ الطاقة التي من شأنها تجلب الطاقة المستمرة في الدولة بالمعني.

APPROVAL PAGE

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In the Name of Allah, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful

This dissertation is dedicated to my dear parents, wife, and children, (HRH) Alh. Dr.

Muhammadu Chindo Yamusa II (OFR) (the Emir of Keffi, Nasarawa State, Nigeria)

and late Hajiya Fatimah Yamusa II, (parents), Aisha (wife), Fatimah-Zara, Jibril-Rayhan and Al-Kasim-Asharaf (children).

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World Summit on Sustainable Development, (WSSD) or Earth Summit 2002 (took in Johannesburg, South Africa 2002)

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AGTA Associated Gas Framework Agreement

ALSCON Aluminium Smelter Company of Nigeria

ACQ Annual Contract Quantity

AD After the death Christ

AEC African Energy Council

ADB African Development Bank

APPA African Petroleum Producers Association

ACEEE American Council for Energy Efficient Economy

AGO Automotive Gas Oil

Bkwh Billion-Kilowtt hour

BPE Bureau for Public Enterprise

BP Biomass Power

bbl Barrel

CAP Chapter

CLJ Law Malaysaia Law Journal

CAC Company and Allied Matters Act 1990

CDIAC Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Centre

CSD Commission on Sustainable Development

COP Conference of Parties

CHP Combined Heat and Power

CCS Carbon Capture Storage

CH4 Atmospheric Methane

CO₂ Carbon dixate

CSP Concentrated Solar Power

DG Director General

DISCO Distribution Company

DPR Department of Petroleum Resources

DPR Detailed Project Report

DPK Dual Purpose Kerosene

DDPR Director of the Department of Petroleum Resources

ECN Electricity Corporation of Nigeria

EPSR Electric Power Supply Reform Act 2005

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EPL Exclusive Prospecting License

et al. and others

EU European Union

EPL Exploration Prospecting Lease

ECOWAS Economic Community of West African States

ERU Emission Reduction Unit

EGASPIN Environmental guideline and Standard

FEPA Federal Environmental Protection Agency

FIT Treed –in- Tarif

e.t.c Et cetera

GP Gas gathering point

GEF Global Environmental Facility

G15-D8 Group of 15 countries, 8 developing countries

GGFR Global Gas Flaring Reduction Initiative

GEIFON Global Education Initiative for Nigeria

GENI Global Energy Network institute

GW Gig-watts

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GE General Electricity Company United States of America

GHGs Green Houses Gases

GENCO Generating Electricity Company

Gwh Gig-watt hours

Gtoe Giga-toe

HDI Human Development Index

HYSON Hydrocarbon Services Nigeria Limited

ha Hectare

HPFO High pour fuel oil

HR Federal House of Representative

IPP Independent Power Producers

IEA International Energy Agency

IUCN International Union of Conservation of Nature

IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

IUCN International union for Conservation of Nature

IOC International Oil Corporation

IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency

IDSL Integrated Data Services Limited

ICTP International Centre for Theoretical Physics

INR Indian Rupee

JVA Joint Venture Agreement

JP5 Japan 5 Fiscal Incentives for Energy Efficiency

KRPC Kaduna Refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited

Kg Kilograms

Ky Kilovolt

Kwh Kilowatt hour

Km Kilometer

LPG Liquefied Petroleum Gas

LPFO Low pours fuel Oil

LNG Liquefied Natural Gas

Ltd Limited

LFN Laws of the Federation of Nigeria

LA21 Local Agenda 21

MDGs Millennium Development Goals

MJ/m2 Millijoule per square meter

MYR Malaysia Ringgits

MW Maga-watts

MNES Ministry of Non-Conventional Energy Sources

Mtoe Magatoe (Million Tonnes of Oil Equivalent)

MAED Model for the Analysis of Energy Demand

MOU Memorandum of Understanding

MMSD Ministry of Mine and steel Development Nigeria

MMA Mineral and mining Act 2007

ML Mining Lease

MYTO Multi Year Tariff Oder

MCF Million Cubic Feet

MIEEIP Malaysia Industrial Energy efficiency Improvement Programmme

No. Number

NEEDS National Economic Empowerment Development strategy

NCEE Nigerian Centre for Energy and Environment

NMA Nigerian Meteorological Agency

NIOMR Nigerian Institute for Oceanography and Marine Research

NCP National Council for Privatization

NNPC Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation

NCERD National Centre for Energy Research and Development Nsukka,

Nigeria

NESCO Nigeria Electricity Supply Company

NEPA National Electricity Power Authority

NDA Niger Dam Authority

NEP National Electricity Policy

NIPP Nigerian Independent Power Project

NGN Nigeria Naria Currency

NCCA Nigerian Coal Corporation Act 1990

NCC Nigerian Coal Corporation

NIPC Nigeria Investment Promotion Council

NESI National Electricity Supply Industry Protection

NCEEC National Centre for Energy Efficiency and Conservation

NCHRD National Centre for Hydropower Research and Development

NCPRD National Centre for Petroleum Research and Development

NNC-WEC Nigeria National Committee on World Energy Council

NAPIMS National Petroleum Investment Management Services

Nigeria Gas Company

NLNG Nigeria Liquefied Natural Gas

OECD Organization of Economic Co-operation and Development

OPL Oil Prospecting Licence

OGIC Oil and Gas Implementation Committee

OPEC Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries

OMLS Oil Mining Lease

PIB Petroleum Industry Bill

PMS Premium Motor Spirits

PPTA Petroleum Profit Tax Act

PLC Public Liability Company

PPA Power Purchasing Agreement

PHRC Portharcourt Refining Company Limited

PPP Polluter Pays Principle

PA Petroleum Act

PSC Production Sharing Contract

PPMC Pipeline and Production Marketing Company Limited

PV Solar Photovoltaic

PPP Public Private Partnership

PHCN Power Holding Company of Nigeria

PTF Petroleum Trust Fund

PIL Public Interest Litigation

PPP Purchasing Power Parity

R & D Research and Development

RES Renewable Energy Sources

REN21 Renewable Energy Policy Network of the 21st Century

REMP Renewable Energy Master Plan

Rtd Retired

Sq Squire

Scf Standard Cubic foot

SERC Sokoto Energy Research Centre at Usmanu Danfodiyo University

SEDA Sustainable Development Authority

SHP Small Hydro Project

SEB State Electricity Board India

SPV Sahelian Power

SPDC Shell Petroleum Development Company Nigeria Limited

SC Service Contract

SML Special Mining Lease

SEPL Special Exploration Prospecting Lease

STEG Solar Thermal Electricity Generation

S.A.W Sallallahu Alaihim Wasallama

Twh Terawatt hour

Toe Tonne of Oil Equivalent

TCN Transmission Company of Nigeria

TPE one toe petroleum equivalent

UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organisation

UK United Kingdom

US/USA United States of America

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

UNCED United Nations Conference on Environment and Development

UNCED United Nations Conference on Environment and Development

UNDP United Nations Development Programmme

UN United Nations

USD United States Dollar

U&I Urban and Industrial Waste Power

Vol. Volume

VAT Valued Added Tax

WRPC Warri refinery and Petrochemical Company Limited

WSP World Solar Programme

WEC World Energy Council

WBM World Biofuels Markets Rotterdam, Netherlands

WSSD World Summit for Sustainable Development

WCS World Conservation Strategy

WCED World Commission on Environment and Development

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

Nigeria has a total area of 923,768 sq Km (356,667 sq miles). The total land area is 910,771 sq Km (351,649sq miles) and, thus, this shows that the country has 98% of land area. The country has 36 States with Abuja as the Federal Capital. These states are grouped into six Geo-Political zones. It has abundance of untapped sources of energy and, yet at the same time, it suffers from inadequacy of electricity. Notwithstanding, there are several statutory provisions and policies that provide for the generation of energy from hydrocarbon (oil, coal, and gas) resources readily available in abundance throughout the country.

Its energy generation values are diminishing very much and very fast. Therefore, slowing development will bring in host of foreign the ideas and culture that appeared to be suitable in the energy sector for the sustainable development and progress.⁵

The poverty rate in Nigeria is increasing due to the government's failure to provide employment opportunities through public services and private sectors. The

³US Department of State, Background note: Nigeria: <<u>www.state.gov/r/pa/ei/bgn/2836.htm</u>> (viewed on 15 October 2011). See Nigeria Natural Resources: <<u>http://www.indexmundi.com/nigeria/natural_resources.html</u>> (viewed on 15 October 2011). See also C.I.A World fact-book: Nigeria: <<u>www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-worldfactbook</u>> (viewed on 15 October 2011).

¹ Sambo A. S., B. Garba, I. H. Zarma and M. M. Gaji. "Electricity Generation and the Present Challenges in the Nigerian Power" < <u>www.worldenergy.org/documents/congresspapers/70.pdf</u>> (viewed on 1 February 2013) at 1.

² Ibid.

⁴Petroleum, 1969 Act, and Petroleum (Drilling and Production) 1969, Petroleum, 1990 (Act No. 350 of 1990, LFN).

⁵Umar, I. H. "Overview of renewable energy in Nigeria: Opportunities for rural development and development of Renewable Energy Master Plan". Paper presented at the Renewable Energy Conference, Energetic Solutions, Abuja/Calabar, 21-26 November, 2004, see also Umar I. H., Iloeje, O. C. and Bala, E. J. "Review of renewable energy technologies in Nigeria", Vol. 8, Nos. 1&2, (2000) Nig. J. Ren. Energy, 99-109.